REMARKS

This is in response to the Office Action mailed on <u>July 21, 2004</u>, and the references cited therewith.

Claim 1 was amended. Claim 37 was added. As a result, claims 1-37 are now pending in this application.

§101 Rejection of the Claims

Claims 1-18 were rejected under 35 USC § 101 because the claimed invention is directed to non-statutory subject matter. Claim 1 has been amended to indicate that the method is computer implemented. The elements of the claims are performed by the computer, and and answers are obtained, and automatically communicated. This is a useful, concrete and tangible result, and is believed statutory.

§103 Rejection of the Claims

Claims 1-36 were rejected under 35 USC § 103(a) as being unpatentable over Rhodes et al. (U.S. Patent No. 6,236,768) and further in view of Shah et al. (U.S. Patent No. 4,862,402). This rejection is respectfully traversed, as neither reference, nor a combination of the references teach or suggest each of the elements of the claims.

Rhodes et al., keeps track of user documents in a vector format to try and determine what other documents a user might be interested in. The vector has entries corresponding to words occurring in the documents with word counts – Col. 2, lines 15-24. Rhodes et al. improves on this "RA" concept by including the context of the user, such as their GPS location, time of day, etc. The presently claimed invention describes receiving one or more queries regarding a product from a customer, extracting query key words and transforming them into unique numerical representations to avoid ambiguous prediction of meaning. Such transformed keywords are then compared to obtain answers to queries. Rhodes et al. does not describe the use of direct customer queries, as indicated in the Office Action, but rather considers the context of the user in supplying what might be useful. There is no concept of a customer or user generating a query. Thus, at least one element is lacking, and a prima facie case of obviousness has not been established.

With respect to claim 1, Rhodes et al. does not receive a query from a customer. In fact, Rhodes et al. has nothing to do with customer support, but instead looks at what document a user is drafting and suggests other useful information. The user is clearly not asking a question or query, and the equation of the user context to a user generated query in the Office Action is respectfully traversed.

The Office Action cites Shah et al. as showing the use of a convolution algorithm. This is respectfully traversed, as a Shah et al. is non-analogous art. Shah et al. describes a digital filter and is classified in 364/724.12. Rhodes et al. is related to retrieval of information, and is classified in 382.306. These are very different art classes. Shah et al. is related to hardware digital filters, and reducing the circuitry required. Rhodes et al. takes advantage of extra machine capacity available between keystrokes. Col. 1, lines 45-55. Since Rhodes et al. does not appear to be concerned with increasing speed, but rather taking advantage of excess capacity, there is no reason to resort to the convolution circuit described in Shah et al. Thus, the stated reason to combine Shah et al. with Rhodes et al. is incorrect, and a prima facie case of obviousness has not been established.

The reason recited in the Office Action of: "because the convolution algorithm speed up the calculation with substantially less hardware..." is not a concern of Rhodes et al. Thus, there is no proper suggestion to combine the references. Further, Shah et al. appears to deal with video compression and decompression, not queries, and comparing vectors of literary words. This further points to the fact that Shah et al. is non-analogous art. Because of this, it is not properly combinable with Rhodes et al.

Regarding claims 3, 4 and 5, the Office Action appears to be taking official notice of including voice recognition. This is respectfully traversed, and the Examiner is requested to provide a properly combinable reference or affidavit.

The same rejections where used with respect to claims 19-36. To the extent the claims are similar to claims 1-18, the same arguments are believed equally applicable, and it is requested that the rejection be withdrawn.

Claim 37 has been added. It is believed to distinguish the references for at least the same reasons as claim 1 in that it recites customer queries, and the use of a convolution algorithm.

Title: AN AUTOMATED CUSTOMER SUPPORT SYSTEM

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Conclusion

Applicant respectfully submits that the claims are in condition for allowance, and notification to that effect is earnestly requested. The Examiner is invited to telephone Applicant's attorney at (612) 373-6972 to facilitate prosecution of this application.

If necessary, please charge any additional fees or credit overpayment to Deposit Account No. 19-0743.

Respectfully submitted,

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CERTIFICATE UNDER 37 CFR 1.8: The undersigned hereby certifies that this correspondence is being deposited with the United States Postal Service with sufficient postage as first class mail, in an envelope addressed to: MS Amendment, Commissioner of Patents, P.O. Box 1450, Alexandria, VA 22313-1450, on this day of October, 2004.

gian M. Uphus

Name

Signature